

Family Name (Surname)

quotes

MSc. Finance/CLEFIN 2016/2017 Edition

Advanced Quantitative Methods for Asset Pricing and Structuring

June 2017 Exam for Attending Students

Time Allowed: 55 minutes

First Name

Student Number (Matr.)

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Please answer all questions by choosing the most appropriate alternative(s) and/or by writing your answers in the spaces provided. You need to carefully justify and show your work in the case of "open" questions. There is only one correct answer(s) for each of the multiple choice questions. Correct answers not selected and questions that have been left blank will receive zero points. Only answers explicitly reported in the appropriate box will be considered. No other answers or indications pointing to potential answers will be taken into consideration. In the case of "open" questions, the maximum number of points is indicated.					
Question 1. Which of the following statements about Reduced Form (Intensity) models is FALSE? (2pt)					
☐ (B) The probability of havi goes to zero faster than time ☐ (C) Close to default, intens	means of an exogenous jump poing more than one jump in an arlastices typically present an invertes obtained through calibration	bitrarily small time interval			
Question 2. Which of the follow pts)	wing statements about First Pas	sage Time models is FALSE? (2			
\square (A) Default occurs if the fir	rm's asset value hits the barrier f	from above			

(B) Both the barrier and the volatility of the asset may be time-dependent

☑ (C) Typically, the number of parameters to be calibrated exceeds the number of market

☐ (D) In AT1P, t quotes	he number of pa	arameters	s to be cal	ibrated e	xceeds th	ie number	of market
Question 3. Consi	der a standard	CDS's Ind	lex (e.g. i-'	Гraxx). W	hich of t	he followir	ng statements
$\overline{\square}$ (B) The copula	vel of single tr	d in term an copul anche, it anche pri	s of a unio a is para is marko ice	que pairw imetrized et practio	vise corre l by a m	lation valunatrix of	ie 125 pairwise ie compound
trades as well as t	_			-		-	
Г	Tue de ID	1	2	2	4		
	Trade ID	1	3	3 2	-3	5	
	1 2	2			-3 -5	-8 0	
	3	5 3	0 5	-7 5	-3 3	-8	
				-2	-3	-o -2	
_	4	-3	-10		-3	-2	
	No Notting	7	Exposures 8	7	3	10	
	No Netting Netting	10	-2	-2	o 0	-18 0	
Which of the follow (A) There are form (B) There are to (C) There are to (D) All exposur	our mistakes wo mistakes in t wo mistakes in t	he "No N he "Netti	etting" ex ng" expos	ures	ì		
Question 5. Whit pts) ☑ (A) At any give positions with a zero recovery at ☐ (B) At any give	ren future time, counterparty tl that time	it is give hat would	n by the r	narket va	lue of the	e portfolio	of derivative

\square (D) Expected positive exposure (EPE) is the average EE in time up to a given future date
Question 6. Which of the following statements about implied correlations is TRUE? (2 pts)
 ☐ (A) It always yields positive expected tranche losses ☐ (B) Typically, it depends on pairs of attachment points ☐ (C) Typically, it is consistent at the level of single tranche ☑ (D) Two tranches on the same pool (same maturity) may yield different values of
compound correlation

Question 7. What is Directional Way Risk? Give definitions and example of:

- Wrong Way Risk (1.5pt)
- Right Way Risk (1.5pt)

Question 8. Logan is a structurer at Morgan Stanlio & Olio Bank. His new junior assistant, Guido, has just priced two different Bonus Cap certificates with the characteristics below. This means that Guido has set the percentage bonus of each which makes their price equal to 100. After looking at the bonus percentages, Logan asks Guido to double check them, because he thinks they may be incorrect. What is MOST LIKELY to have made Logan suspicious? (2 pts)

	Bonus Cap A	Bonus Cap B
Underlying	Ftse Mib	Eurostoxx 50
Barrier level/type	70% American	70% European
Bonus	120%	121%
Сар	120%	120%
Volatility of the underlying	21%	20%
Dividend yield	2.1%	2.0%

(A) Logan is wrong to be suspicious because the volatilities and dividend yields of the two
underlyings are very similar, so it is likely that the Bonus amounts for the two certificates are
similar and the bonus of B may exceed that of A
☐ (B) Logan is right not to believe that the prices are correct because the two Cap
percentages cannot be equal to the Bonus amount
(C) Logan is right not to believe that the prices are correct because the barrier of the Bonus
Cap B is European, so the Bonus amount should be much higher than the Bonus amount of
certificate A, given that volatilities and dividend yields of the two underlyings are very similar
☑ (D) Logan is right not to believe that the prices are correct because the barrier of the Bonus
Cap A is American, so the Bonus amount should be much higher than the Bonus of certificate
B, given that volatilities and dividend yields of the two underlyings are very similar

Question 9. Julian, a junior structurer at BPN Bank, has been asked to price a 2-year Bonus Cap certificate characterized by an American barrier and he is confused about how exactly he could do that. Dr. Greyhead, a senior colleague of his who has earned a PhD in Economics, decides to help him. What is Greyhead MOST LIKELY to suggest? (2 pts)

Question 10. The matrix below shows the pair-wise correlations between returns on three different stocks. For simplicity, assume the stocks are characterized by the same volatility. Which of the proposed combinations of stocks will allow the highest possible participation rate to upside movements for an equity protection certificate written on the price of an equally weighted basket of **two only of these three stocks** as its underlying? (2 pts)

	Univeler	Trotter	Brambo
Univeler	1		
Trotter	0.7	1	
Brambo	0.2	0.5	1

oxdiv (A) Brambo and Univeler followed by Brambo and Trotter
(B) Trotter and Univeler, followed by Brambo and Trotter
\square (C) Brambo and Unilever, followed by Univeler and Trotter
(D) Trotter and Brambo