# Match Rigging in Professional Soccer: Determinants of Corruption and Economic Methods

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#### INTERPOL

Global Academic Experts Meeting for Integrity in Sport
Singapore

November 29th, 2012



#### Introduction

This presentation will illustrate our research studies based on the the Italian case of *Calciopoli* in 3 steps:

- 1. **Into the Black Box:** we study the determinants of match fixing
- Investigation Toolbox: we show the effectiveness of economic and econometric tools for detecting rigged matches in Championships
- Agents and Career concerns: we study the linkages between rigged matches, referees' careers, and managers in professional soccer

# Why Sport & **Match Rigging** is so Important in **Economics**?

#### Observe the Unobservables:

- 1. professional soccer has economic relevance in European countries (about 1% of GDP)
- 2. in professional sports possible to measure productivity (of players, referees and coaches)
- 3. very high frequency data (one observation per match day)

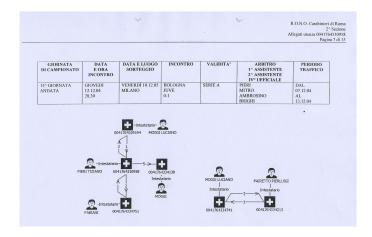
#### Furthermore, in Italy:

- ► In May 2006 a scandal was uncovered by Italian prosecutors after tapping phone conversations
- possibility to observe rigging episodes and test predictive power of our models

#### The Scandal of Calciopoli: A Case Study

- 1. Corruption is not a new phenomenon in Italy:
  - ▶ 1927: bribery episode and championship revoked
  - ▶ 1982: gambling
- 2004-2005 Championship: Juventus, A.C. Milan, Fiorentina, Lazio Rome and Reggina involved in rigging matches and manipulating news.
- In May 2006 the scandal was uncovered by Italian prosecutors after tapping phone conversations in relation with an investigation on the use of doping at *Juventus*.
- 4. Sportive justice: *Juventus* was relegated to the 2<sup>nd</sup> Division; point penalizations for the other teams.
- 5. this scandal does not seem to involve betting activities

## Police Investigations: Tapped Phone Calls



# **Into the Black Box:** The Determinants and Agents of Match Rigging

#### Two main questions:

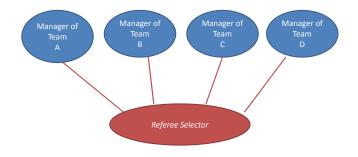
- 1. What are the main determinants of match rigging?
- 2. Which agents are most likely to be involved in the fixing?

#### Main Problems:

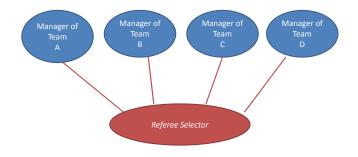
- ▶ in general, corruption is not observable. (but not in our case)
- other non sportive forces different from corruption:
  - 1. unconscious social pressure ⇒ referees' bias
  - 2. other uncertain events



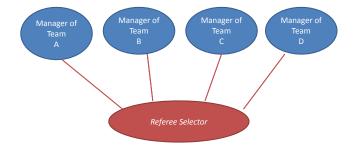


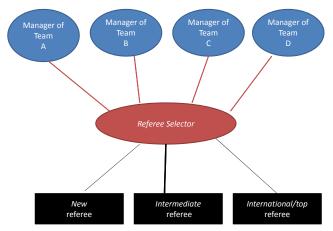


Pressures on Referee Selector



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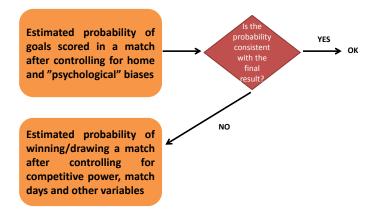


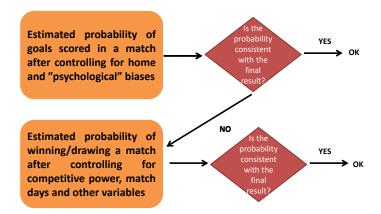


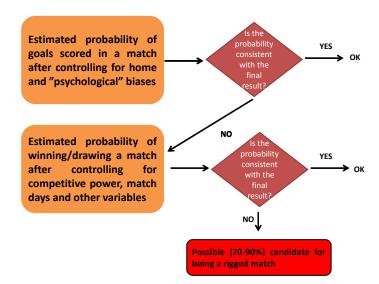
**Evalutions and Pressures on Referees** 

Estimated probability of goals scored in a match after controlling for home and "psychological" biases

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# Investigation Toolbox: Indicator of Match Rigging

What are the main drivers for deciding to fix a particular match instead of another?

- 1. **competitive balance**: the more equilibrate the championship, the higher is the probability to fix a match
- 2. **time**: Match rigging should preferably involve the central days of the tournament
- nature of matches: Matches targeted for corruption should be rather balanced
- 4. referees' career

## Competitive Power and Match Rigging

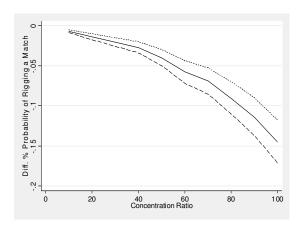


Figure:  $\Delta\%$  Probability of Rigging a Match and Juventus Competitive Power (Concentration Ratio) according to the Model Estimates