

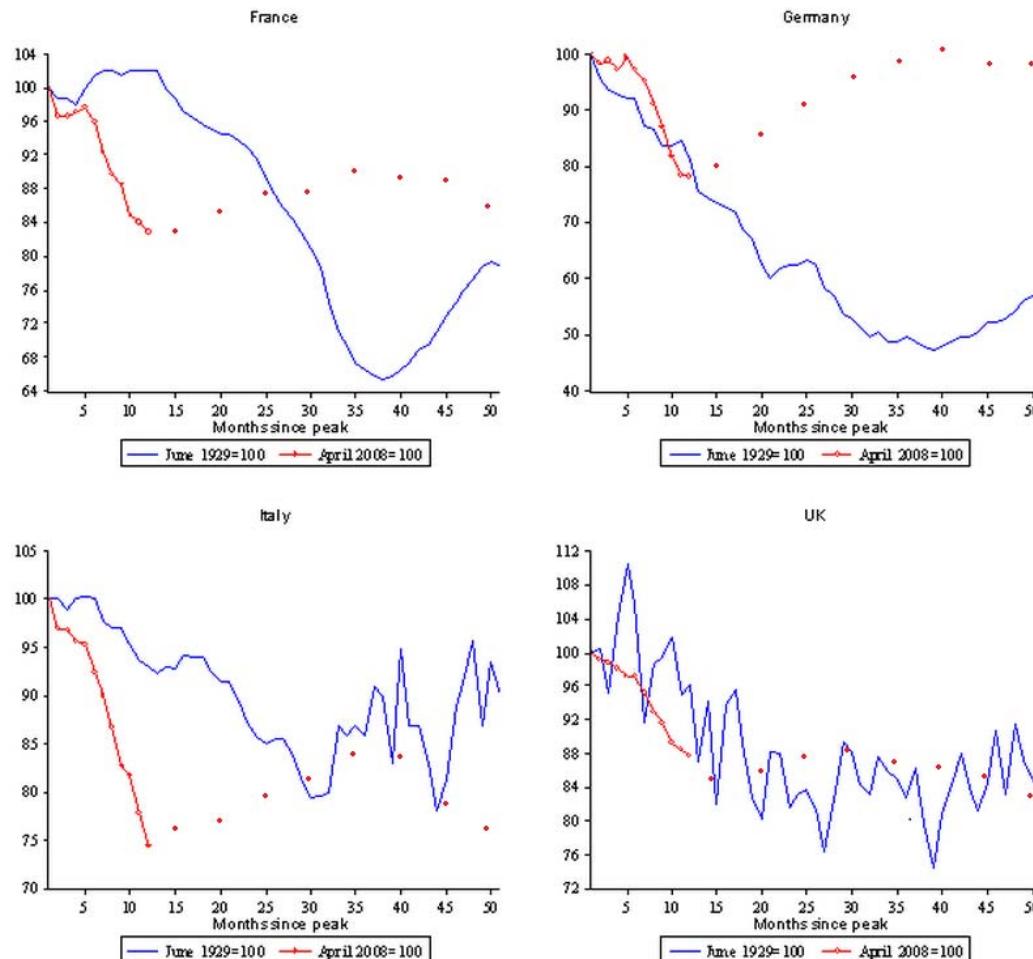
# A welfare union?

*Conference, BEI Luxembourg-Kirchberg  
10 December 2014*

Tito Boeri, Università Bocconi

# The stress test

## Great Depression and Great Recession



Fonte: Eichengreen e O'Rourke

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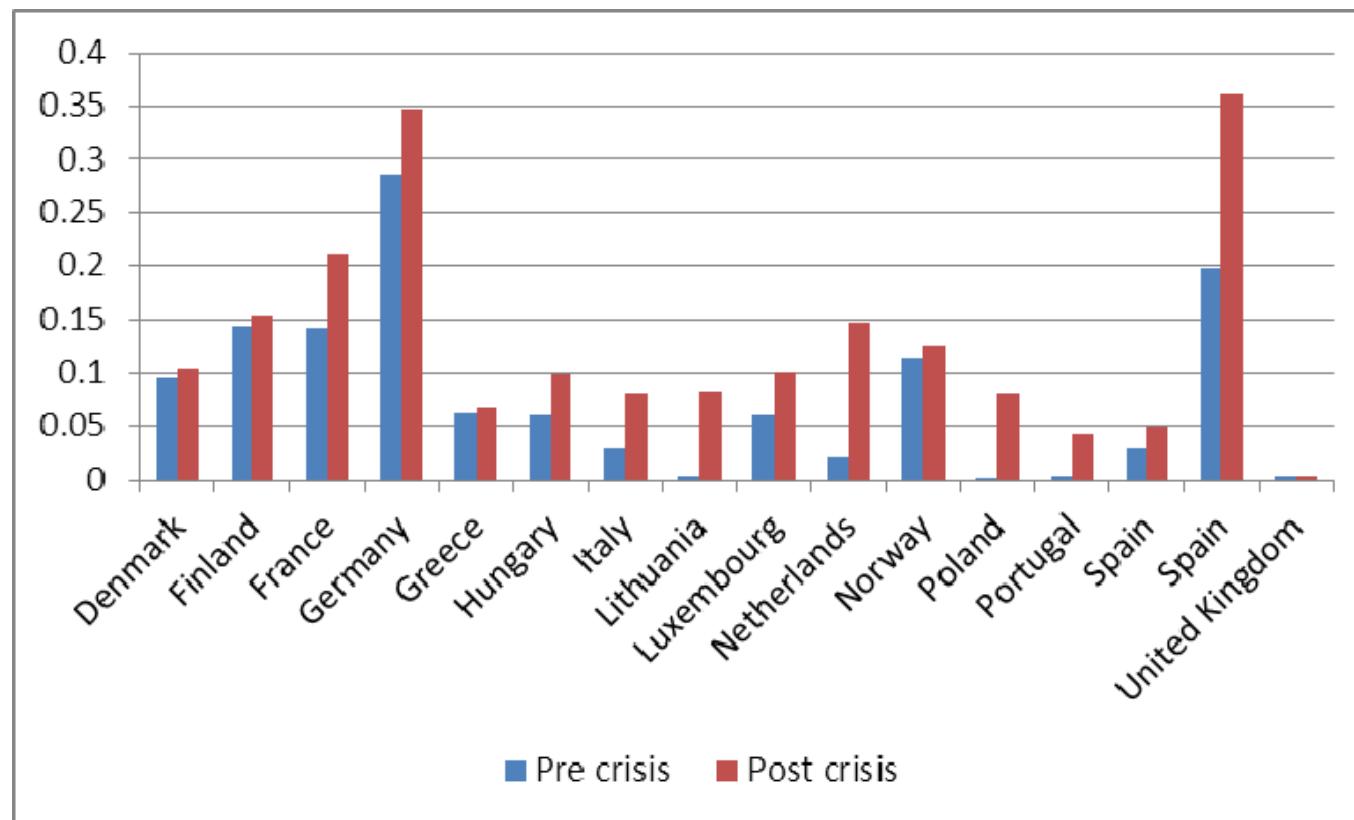


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# Homelessness in the EU

(% population)

f R  
D B



# Stereotypes

## homeless = clochard



**Are we sure?**

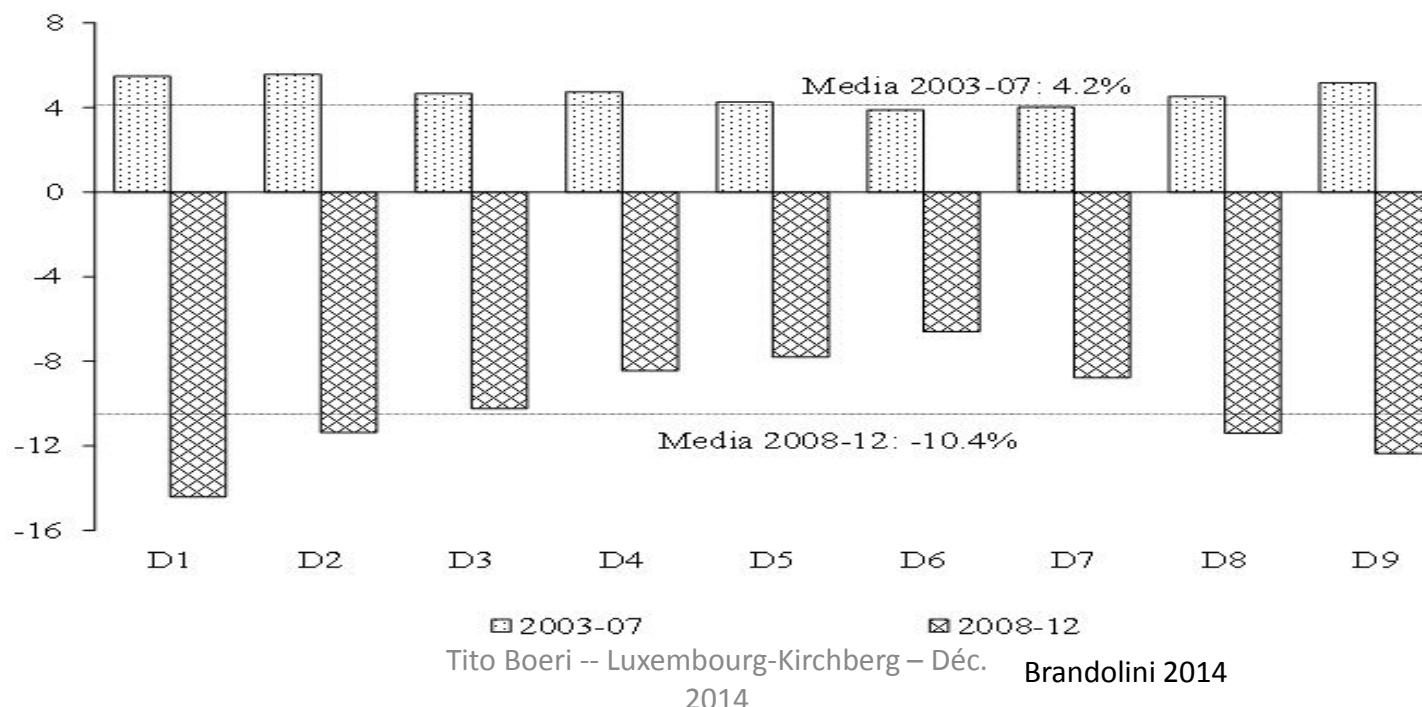
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# Functions of the Welfare State

1. Reduce poverty (more than inequalities per se)
2. Protect against uninsurable market risk
3. Promote labour force participation

# Inequality and poverty are not the same thing: Italy after 2007

	Gini	Absolute Poverty rate (Anchored to 60% of median income in 2006)
2006	33.7%	19.9%
2012	34.0%	27.0%

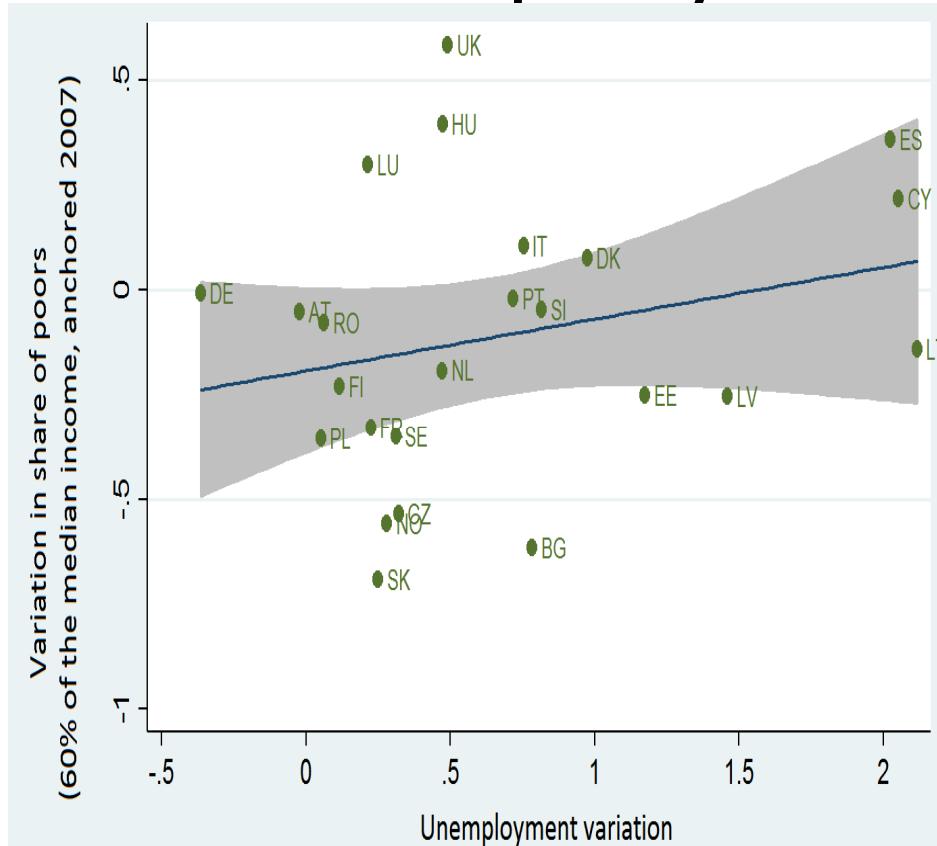


# Outline

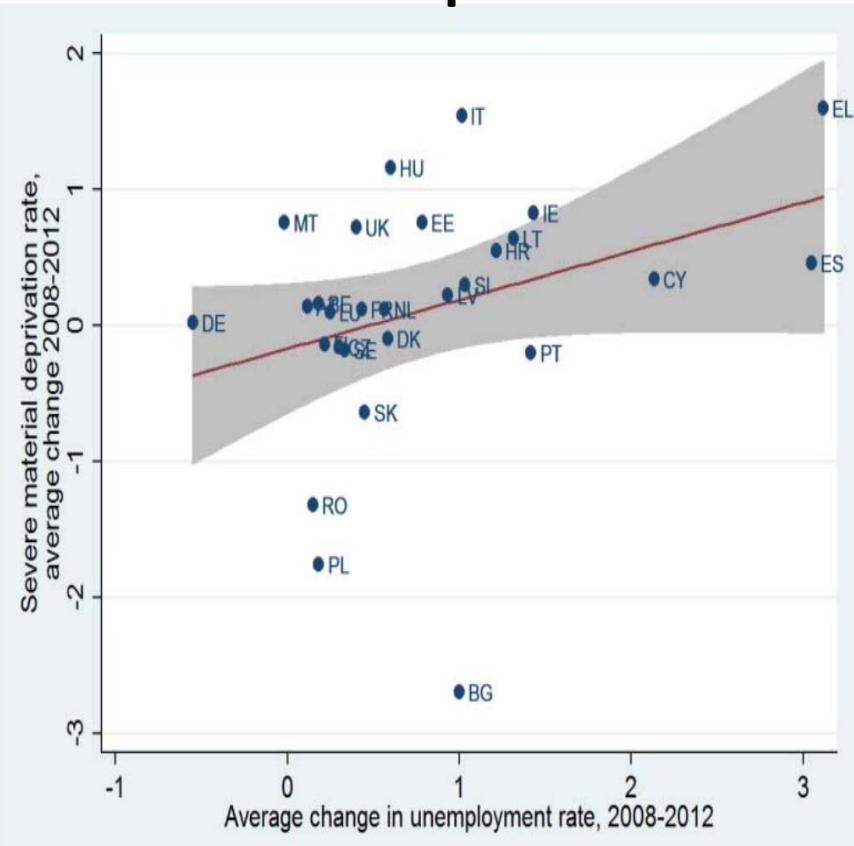
- Some facts about the shock: output fall, poverty and unemployment
- The social policy response. Did they cover the most needy?
- What can be done to avoid the loss of a generation?

# Poverty and unemployment

«Absolute» poverty rate

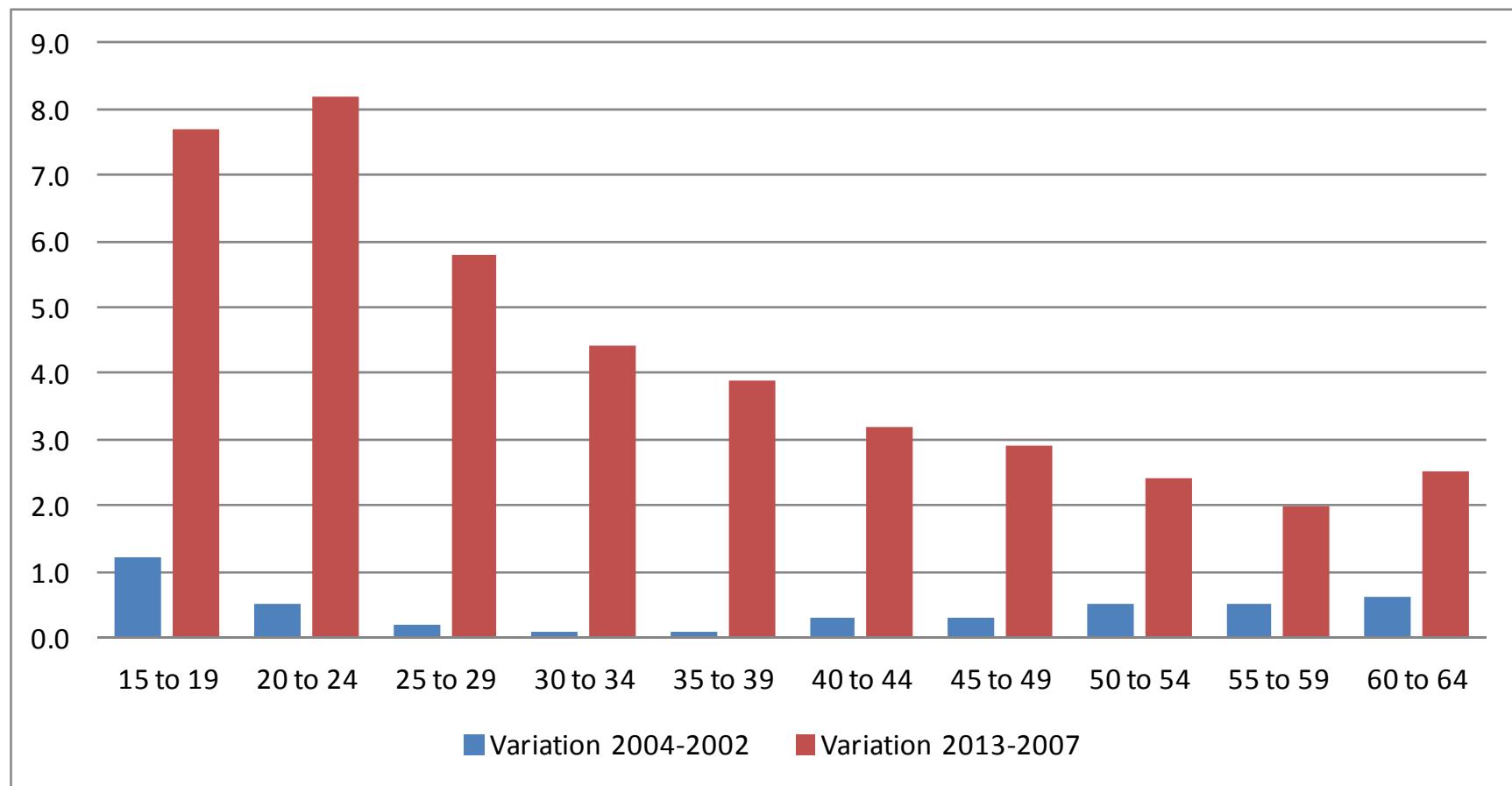


Material Deprivation

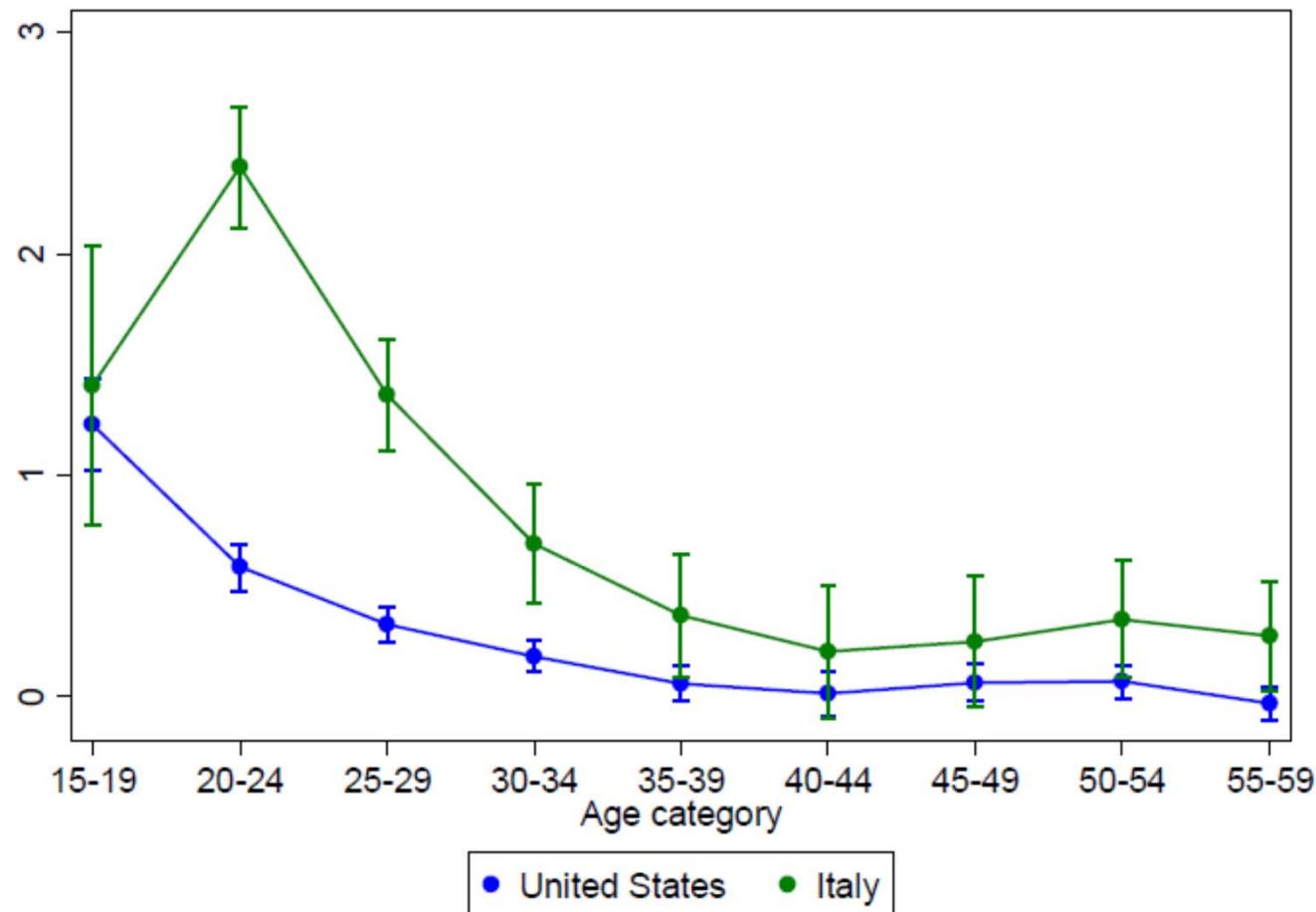


- Source: author's calculation on EUSILC

# This time was worse for the young people



# Pathology, rather than physiology

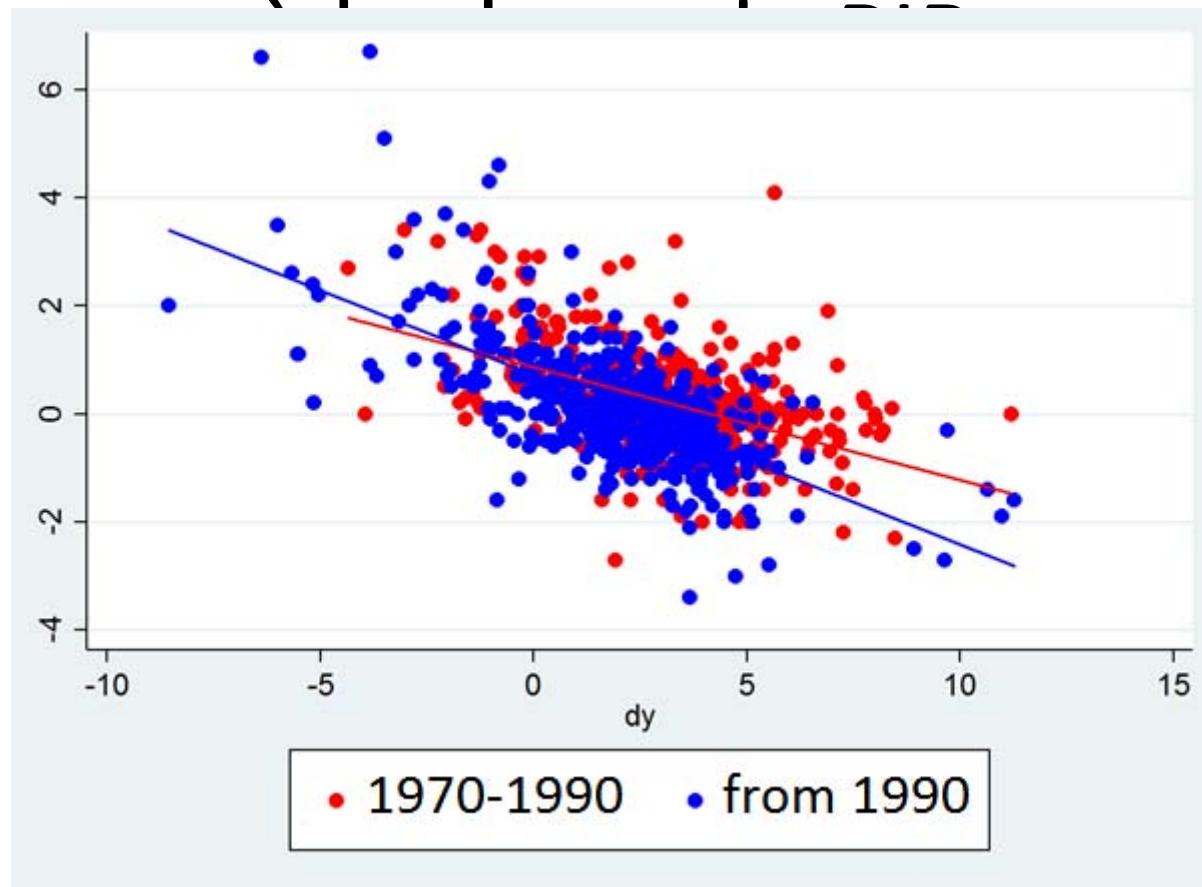


Dummy age in régressions of group specific unemployment against total unemployment as in Hoynes, 2011

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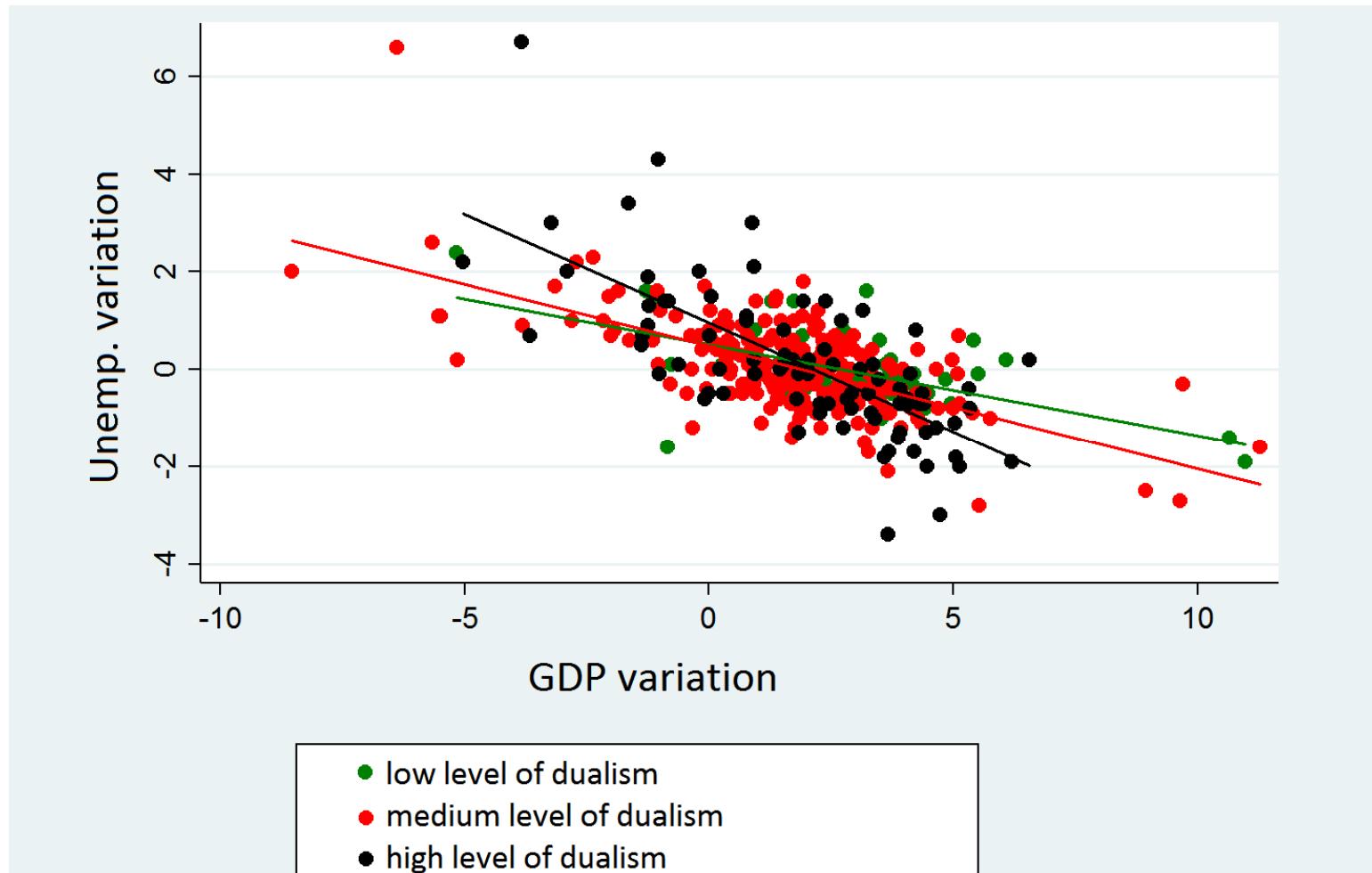
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# Youth unemployment and the output fall



Source: author's calculation on EUSILC

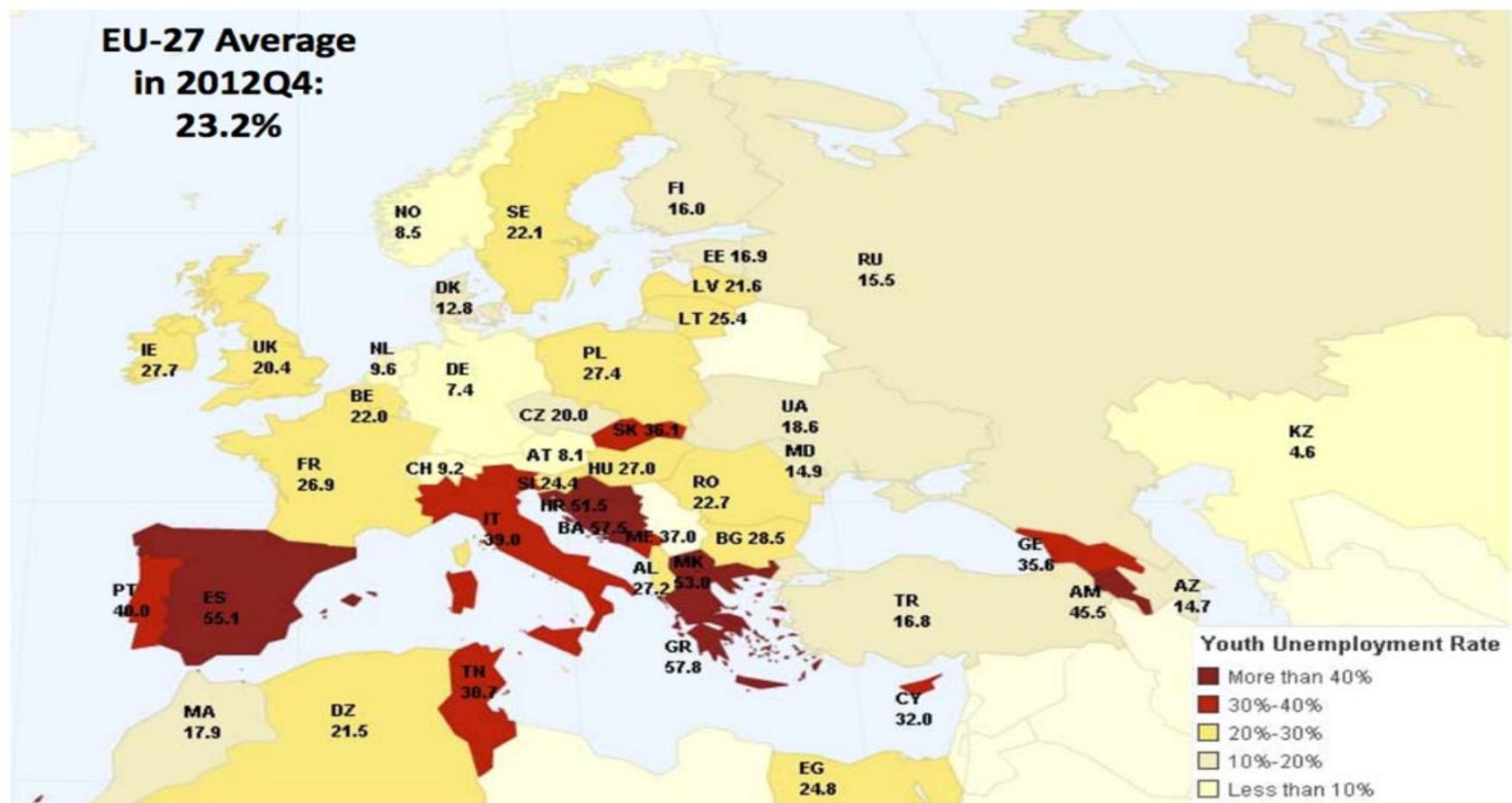
# The role of temporary employment



Source: author's calculation on EUSILC

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# Where the stress is localized



Source: Eurostat , IMF Unemployment, youth total (% of total labor force ages 15-24)

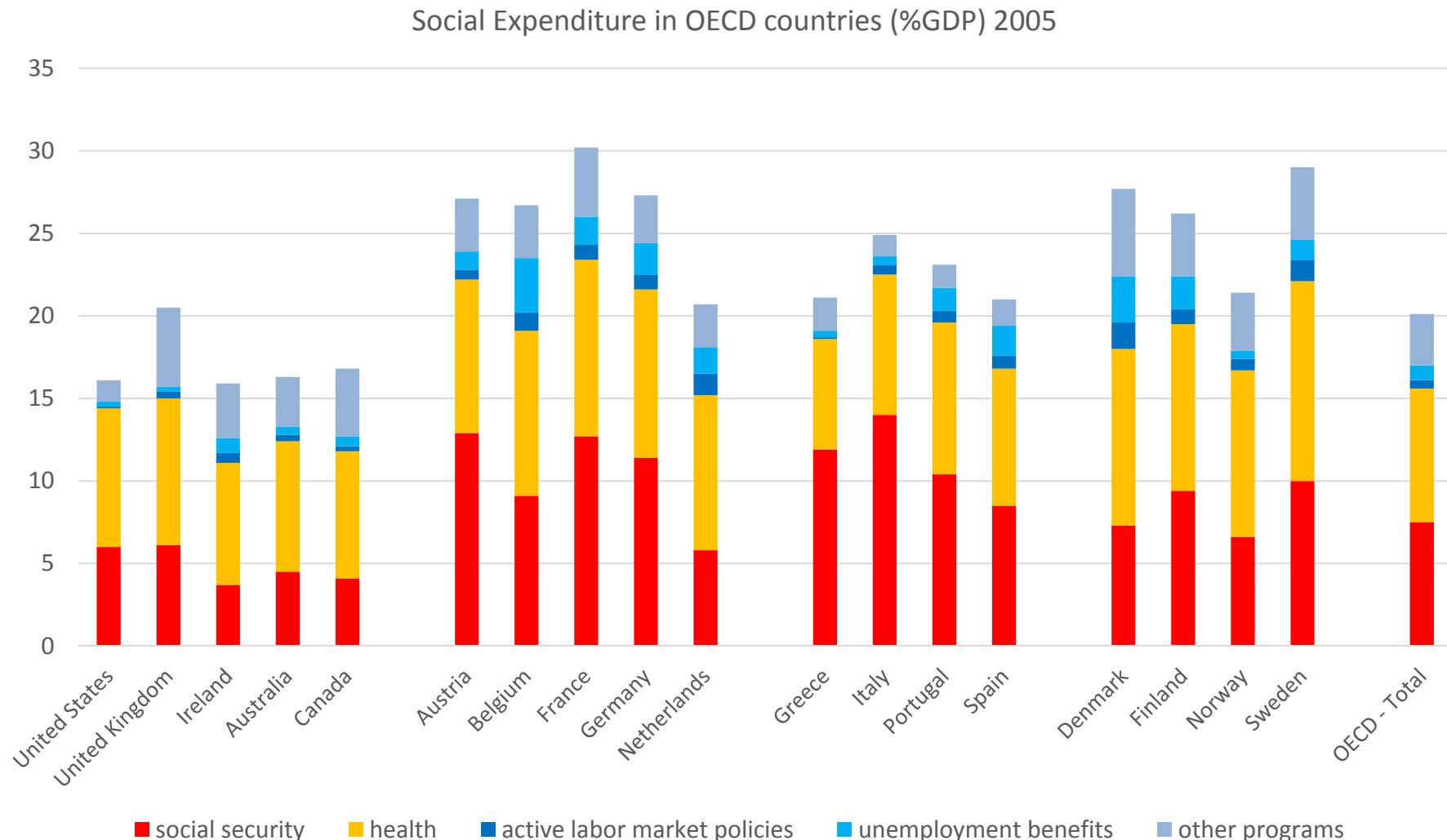
# Summarizing

- Poverty and unemployment strictly (but not unavoidably) related.
- Unemployment concentrated among young people.
- Contractual dualism increases the unemployment response to output falls.
- Stress was this time localized (Southern Europe), but potentially present in all countries with strong contractual dualism.

# Outline

- Some facts about the shock: output fall, poverty and unemployment
- The social policy response. Did they cover the most needy?
- What can be done to avoid the loss of a generation?

# The four social policy models before the Great Recession

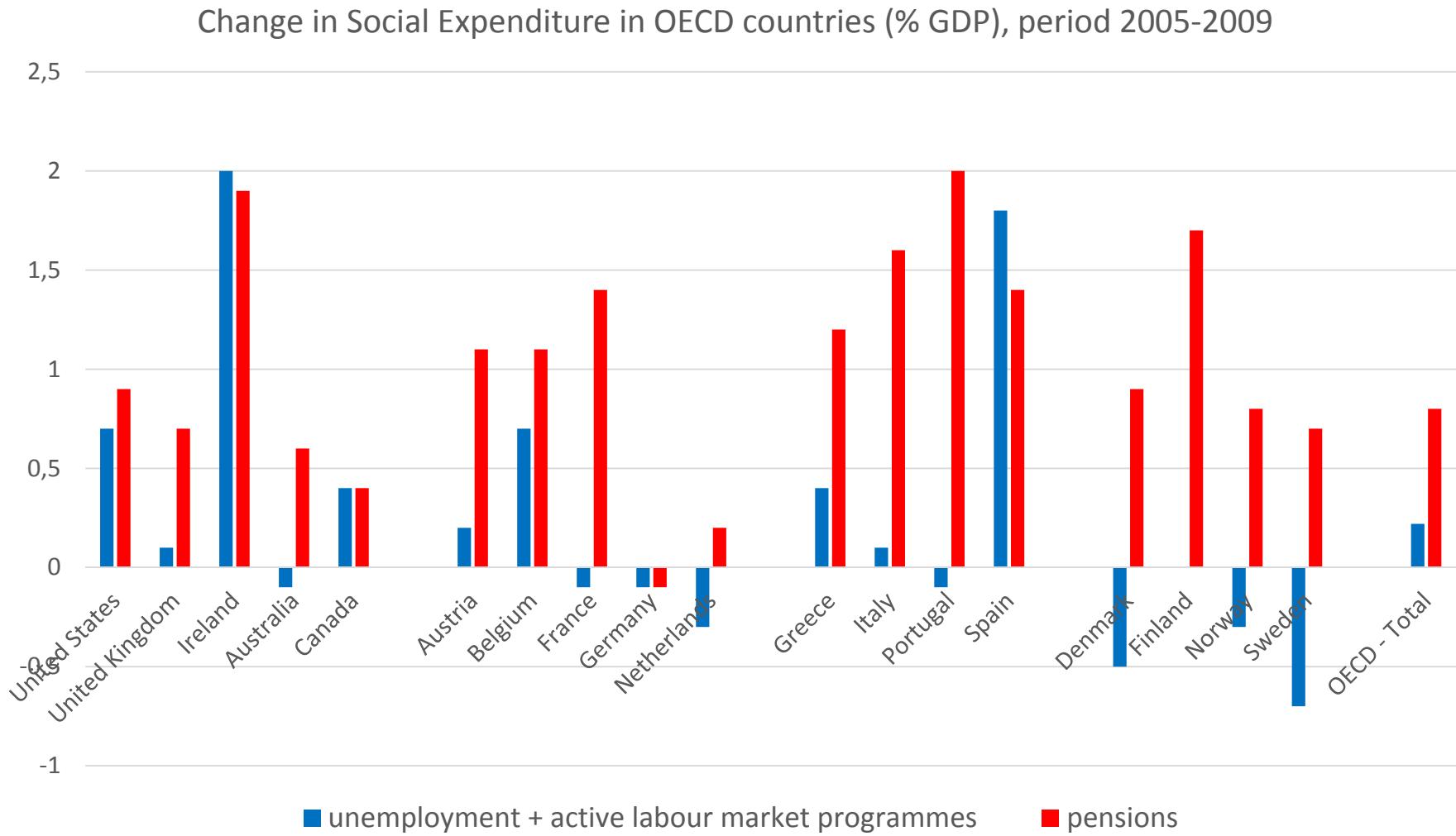


Source: Pinotti, 2014

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Notes: data from OECD Social Expenditure Database (SOCX)

# Evolution during the crisis

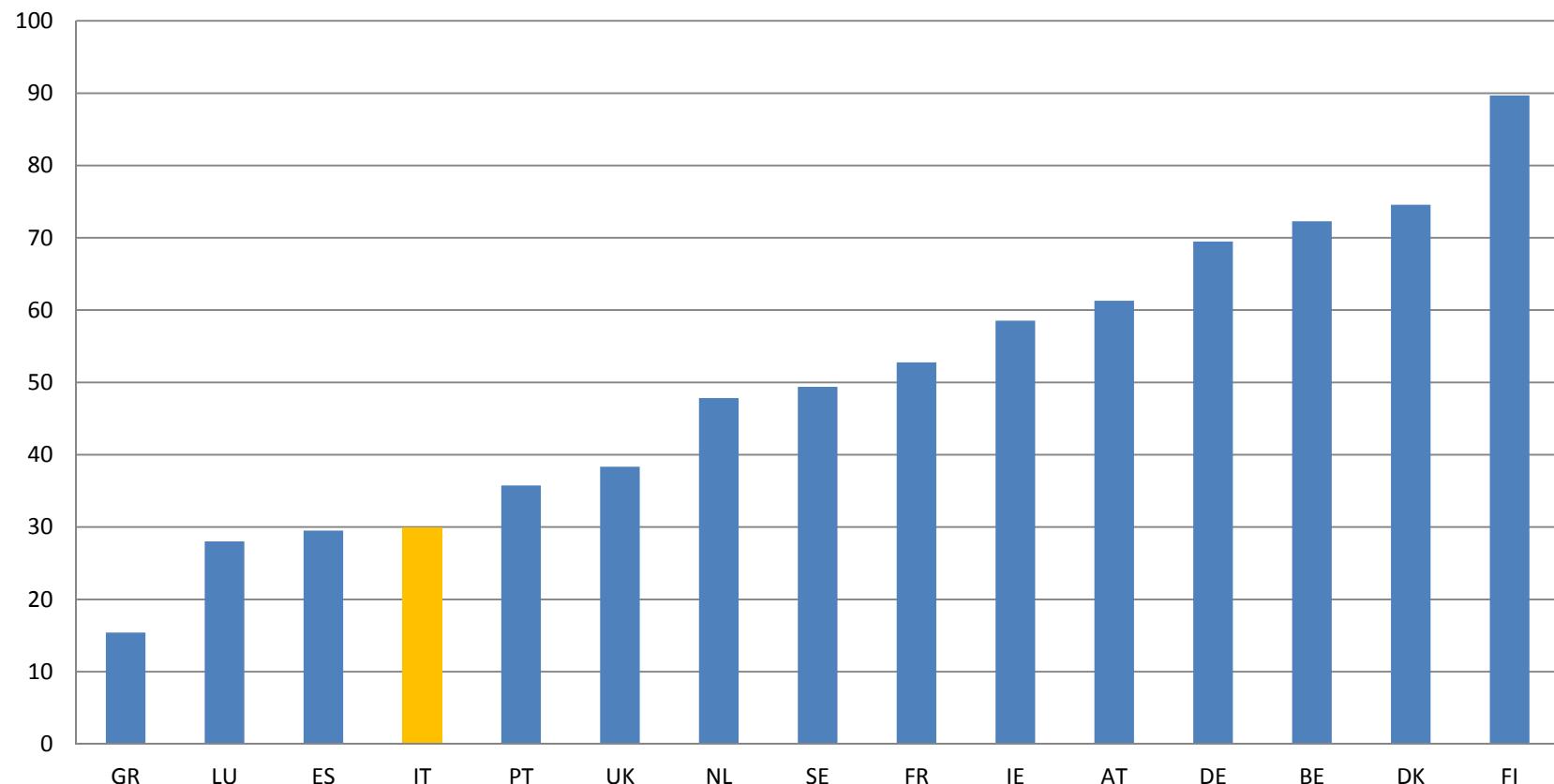
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Source: Pinotti, 2014

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Notes: data from OECD Social Expenditure Database (SOCX)  
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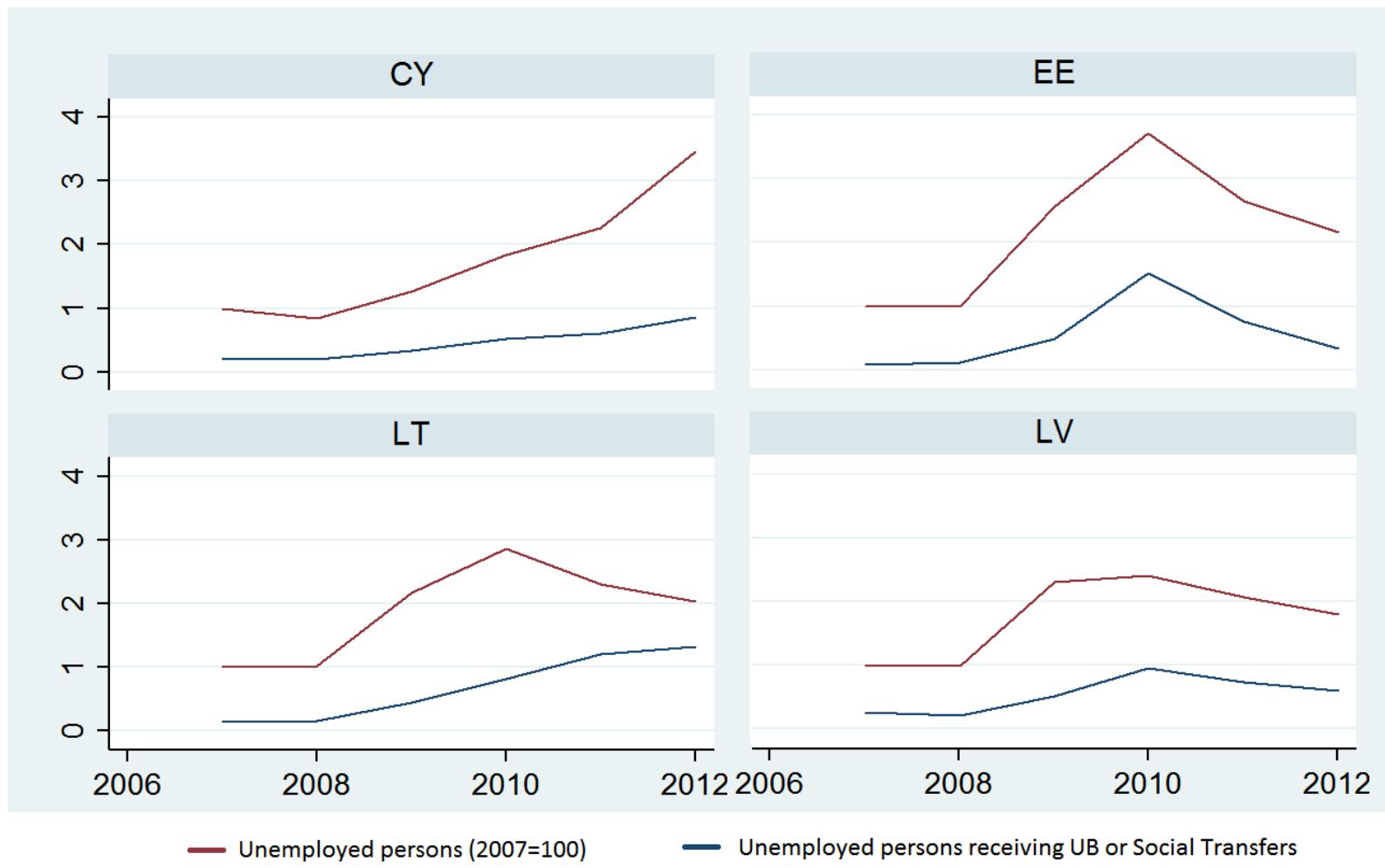
# Coverage of unemployment benefits (%)



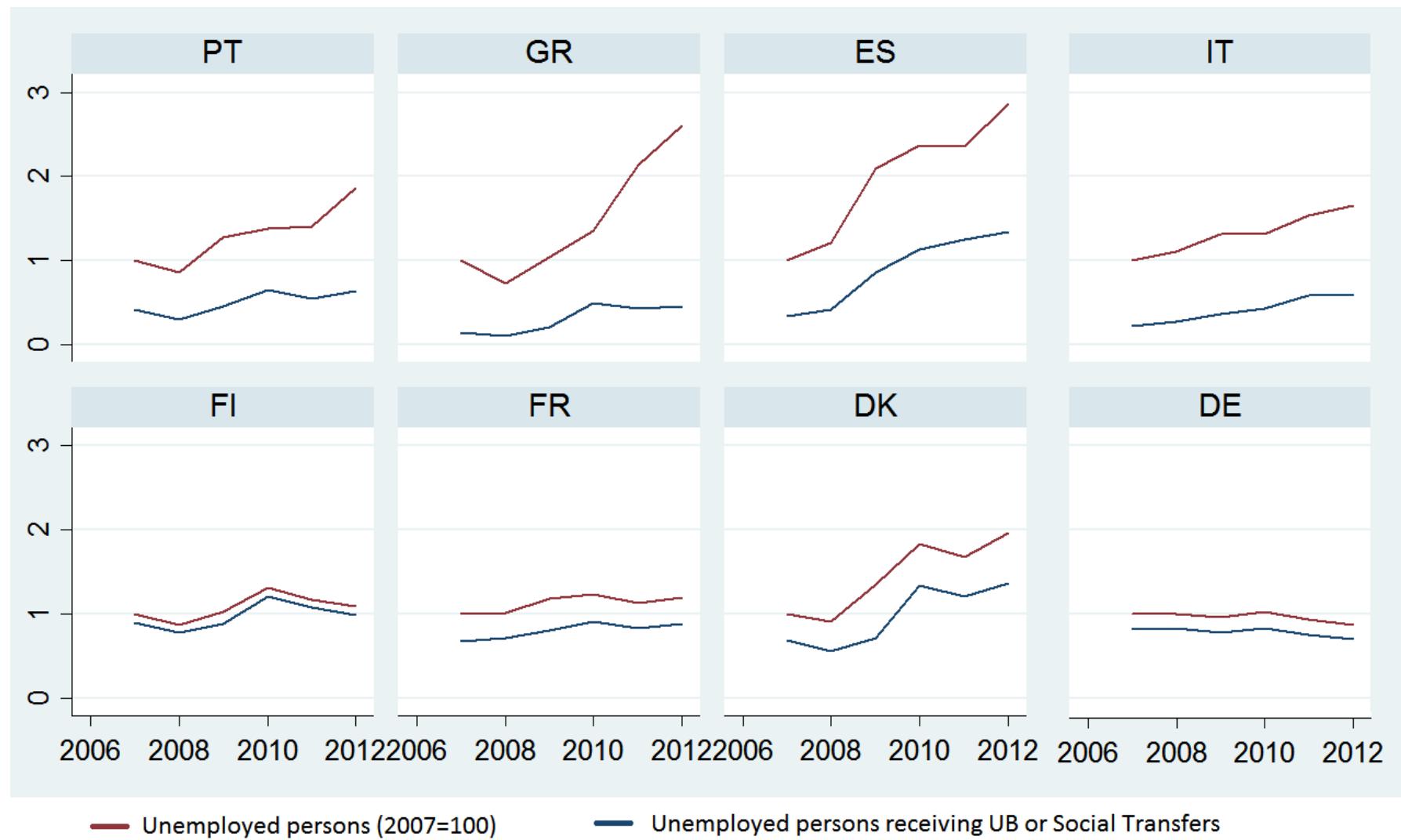
Note: 2012. Unemployed with previous work experience

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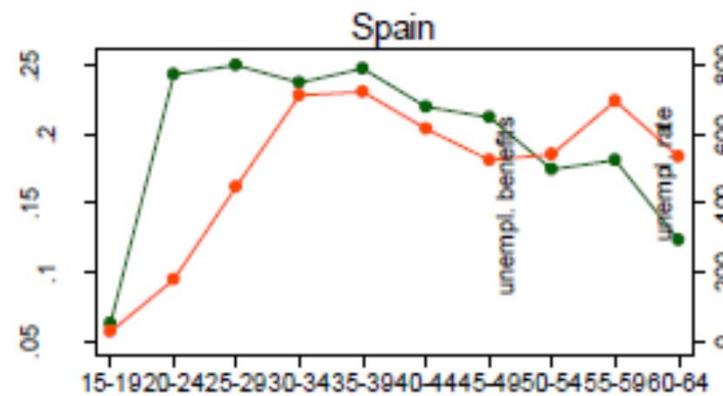
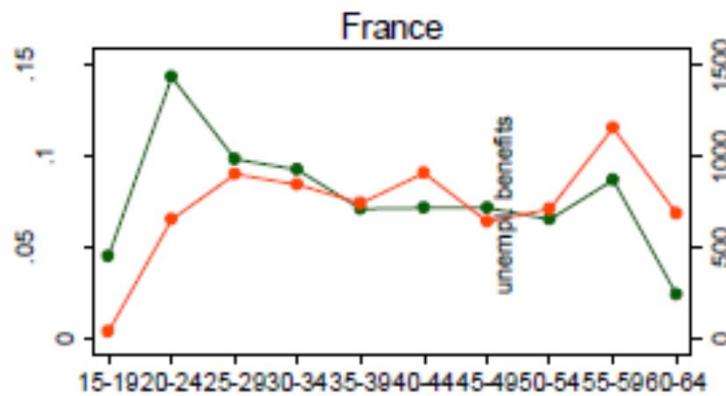
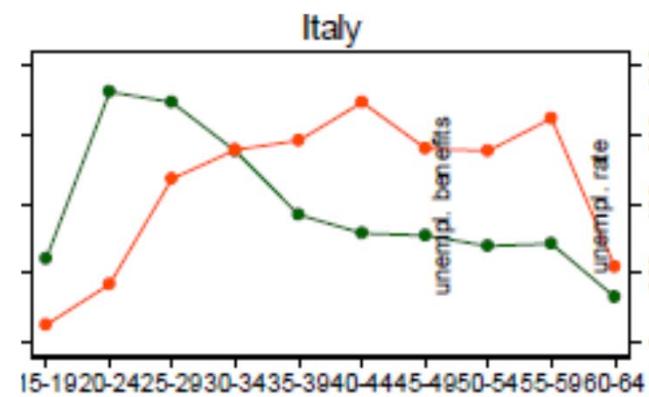
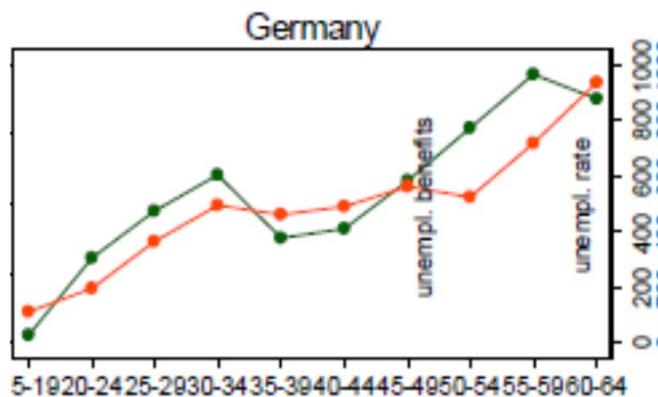
# Coverage of UB and SA during the crisis



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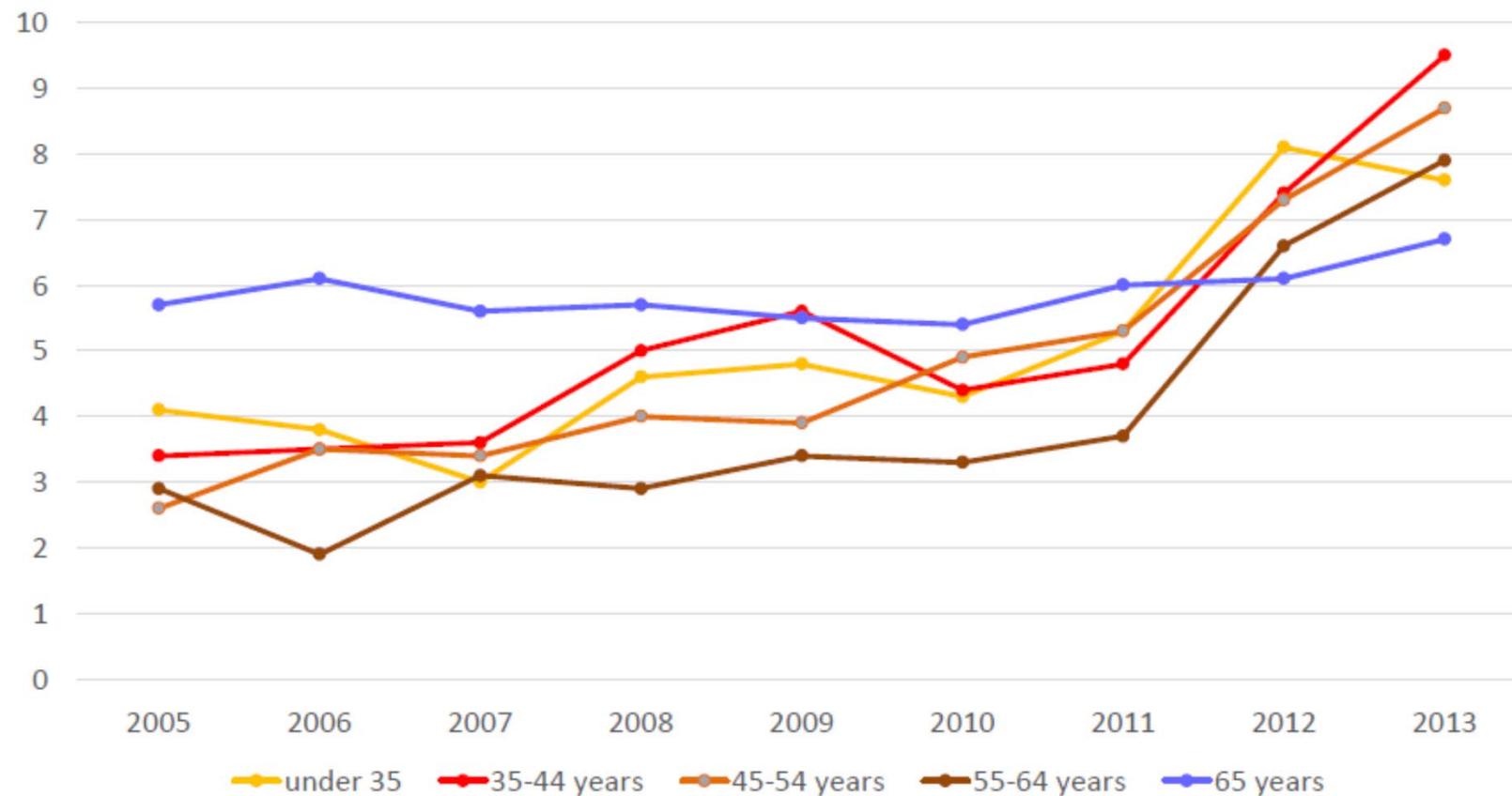


# Coverage of UBs by age (2012)



# Poverty by age

Absolute poverty in Italy, by age of the head of household



# Should we worry about it?

- About 1/3 of youth unemployment is long-term
- Evidence from longitudinal studies that long duration unemployment can be very harmful.
- It carries implications for wages and unemployment incidence in later life (the scarring effects of unemployment). Also health problems
- It causes a lot of misery (from “happiness” studies)

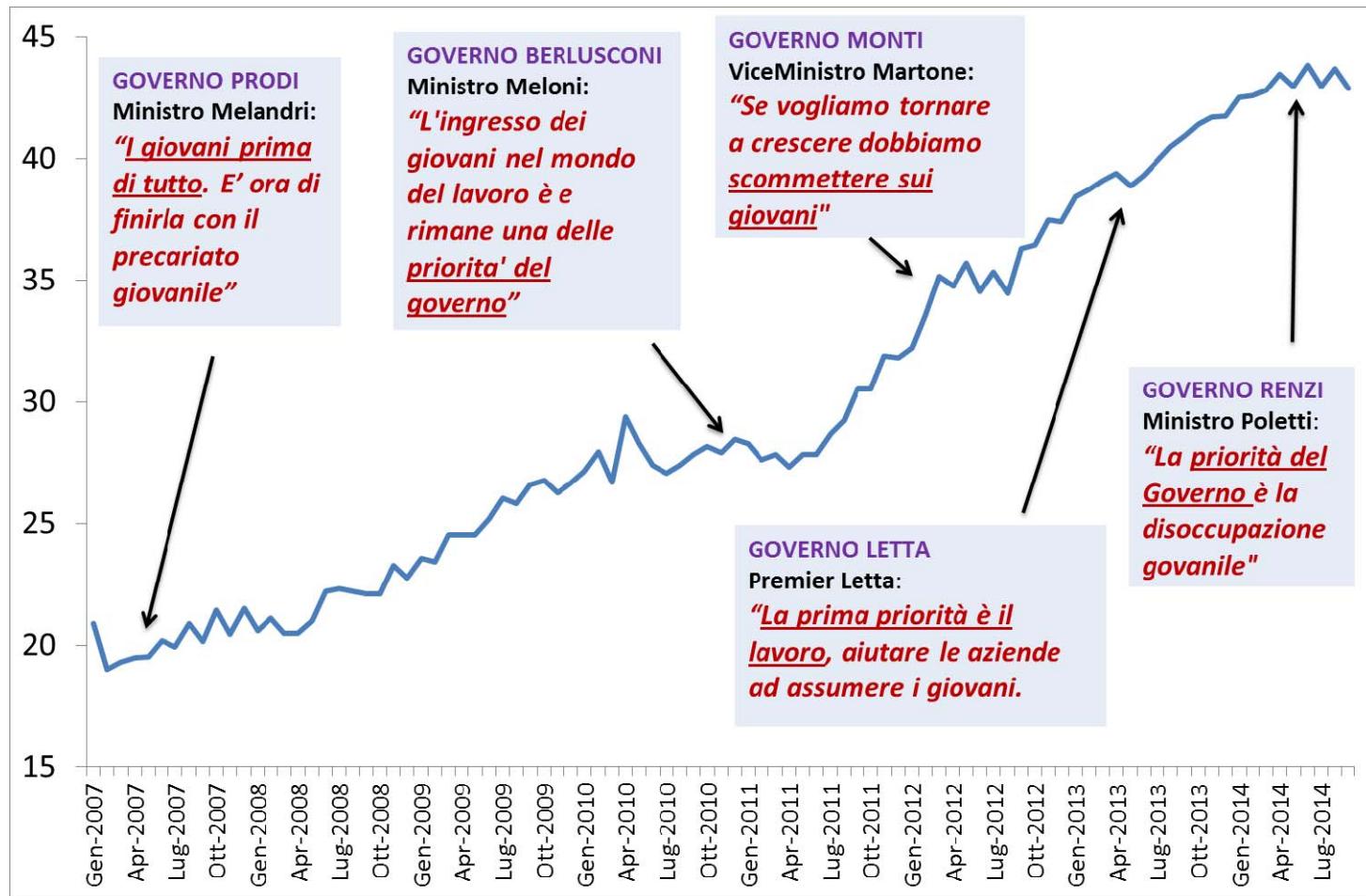
# Summary

- The welfare state does not sufficiently cover the youth notably in the countries most stressed by the crisis.
- Problem related to structure of social protection, but also contractual dualism
- Serious problem. Risk of loss of an entire generation.

# Outline

- Some facts about the shock: output fall, poverty and unemployment
- The social policy response. Did they cover the most needy?
- What can be done to avoid the loss of a generation?

# From the nice words to the action?

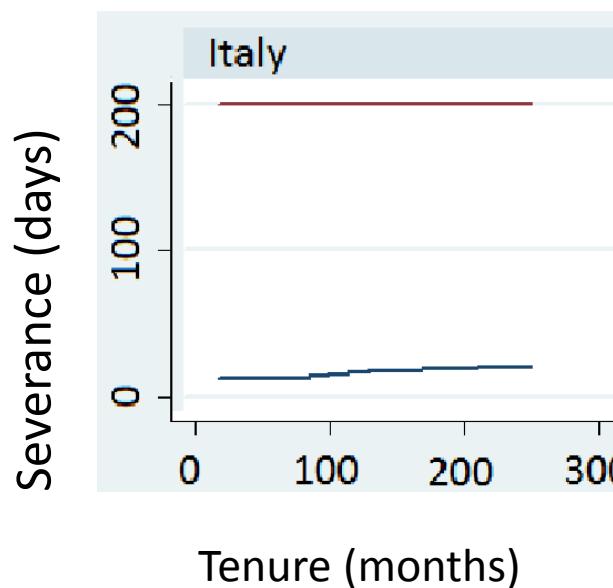


# Le Jobs Act

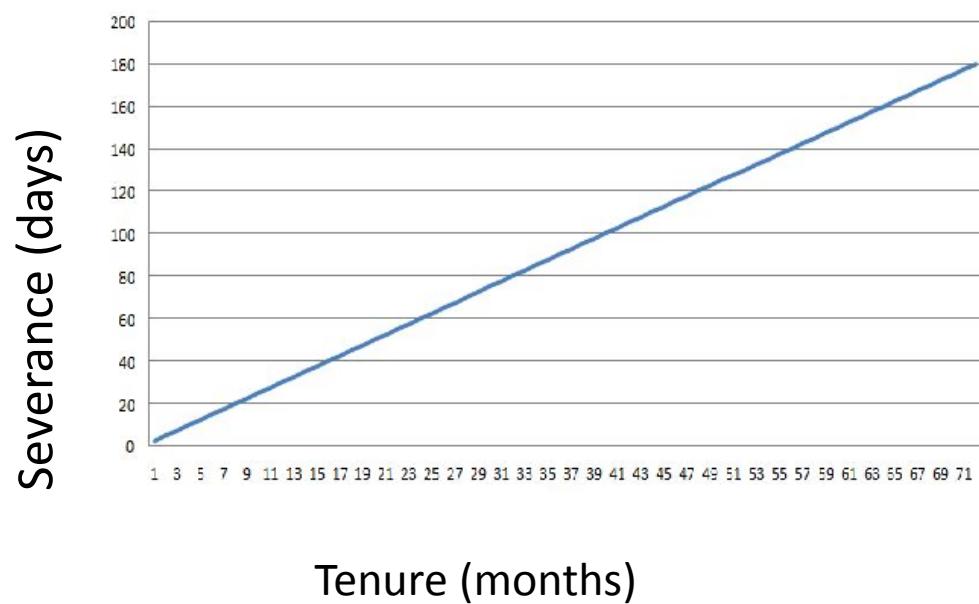
- Delegation (framework) law: general principles
- Graded security contract for all **new hires in open-ended contracts**
- Extension of the coverage of unemployment benefits to workers with short contribution records and «self-employment» with only one client

# Severance and tenure

**Status quo**



**The new open-ended contract**



# Coverage unemployment benefits

- Even for 3 months of contributions in the last 4 years
- And the «parasubordinato»
- Not yet social assistance of the last resort for long-term unemployed
- It would be too costly

# Divergence in unemployment rates: countries and regions

Decomposition of differences in unemployment  
rates: *between* and *within* countries

	2008	2009 variation	2010	2013 variation
theil index (overall)	13,6%	11,7%	-14,0%	11,7%
within	7,0%	4,9%	-30,0%	4,4%
between	6,5%	6,8%	4,6%	14,4%

# Income inequalities in the EU

	Theil (all)		
	2007	2012	Δ
between countries	2,3%	2,7%	17,4%
within countries	17,2%	17,9%	4,1%
total	19,5%	20,6%	5,6%

Equivalized income. EU-SILC

# Lessons from the stress test

- There are many things that could be done within each country to fill the gaps of the « land of the welfare state » in fighting poverty and preventing from privately uninsurable risk, but..
- Can we continue to fight poverty in case of asymmetric shocks without some shock absorbing mechanism at the supranational level?
- Do we need a welfare **union** rather than simply a welfare **state**?